Sun Smart Policy

Rationale:
A balance of ultraviolet radiation (UV) exposure is important for health. Too much of the sun’s UV can cause sunburn, skin and eye damage and skin cancer. Exposure to the sun’s UV during childhood and adolescence is associated with an increased risk of skin cancer in later life. Too little UV from the sun can lead to low vitamin D levels. Vitamin D is essential for healthy bones and muscles, and for general health.

Aims:
This SunSmart policy provides guidelines to:
- Ensure all students and staff have some UV exposure for vitamin D.
- Ensure all students and staff are well protected from too much UV exposure by using a combination of sun protection measures whenever UV levels reach 3 and above.
- Ensure the outdoor environment is sun safe and provides shade for students and staff.
- Ensure students are encouraged and supported to develop independent sun protection skills.
- Support duty of care requirements
- Support appropriate OHS strategies to minimise UV risk and associated harms for staff and visitors

Implementation:
- A combination of sun protection measures are used for all outdoor activities during the sun protection times (whenever UV levels reach 3 and above), typically from September to the end of April in Victoria

Healthy physical environment
1. Seek shade
   - A shade audit is conducted regularly to determine the current availability and quality of shade.
   - The school council makes sure there is a sufficient number of shelters and trees providing shade in the school grounds particularly in areas where students congregate e.g. lunch, canteen, outdoor lesson areas and popular play areas.
   - The availability of shade is considered when planning all other outdoor activities and excursions.
   - In consultation with the school council, shade provision is considered in plans for future buildings and grounds.
   - Students are encouraged to use available areas of shade when outside.
   - Students who do not have appropriate hats or outdoor clothing are asked to play in the shade or a suitable area protected from the sun.

Healthy social environment
2. Slip on sun protective clothing
   - Sun protective clothing is included in our school uniform / dress code and sports uniform. School clothing is cool, loose fitting and made of densely woven fabric. It includes shirts with collars and elbow length sleeves, longer style dresses and shorts and rash vests or t-shirts for outdoor swimming.

3. Slap on a hat
   - All students and staff are required to wear hats that protect their face, neck and ears, i.e. legionnaire, broad-brimmed or bucket hats, whenever they are outside. Baseball or peak caps and visors are not considered a suitable alternative.
4. **Slap** on sunscreen
   - Students must provide their own SPF 30 or higher broad-spectrum, water-resistant sunscreen. This is included on the school’s booklist each year.
   
   **AND / OR**
   - The school supplies SPF 30 or higher broad-spectrum, water-resistant sunscreen for staff and student's use.
   - Sunscreen is applied at least 20 minutes (where possible) before going outdoors and reapplied every two hours if outdoors.
   - Strategies are in place to remind students to apply sunscreen before going outdoors (e.g. reminder notices, sunscreen monitors, sunscreen buddies).

5. **Slide** on sunglasses [if practical]
   - Where practical students and staff are encouraged to wear close fitting, wrap-around sunglasses that meet the Australian Standard 1067 (Sunglasses: Category 2, 3 or 4) and cover as much of the eye area as possible.

**Learning and skills**
- SunSmart behaviour is regularly reinforced and promoted to the whole school community through newsletters, parent meetings, staff meetings, school assemblies, student and teacher activities.

**Evaluation:**
This policy will be reviewed every three years. Last reviewed March 2016